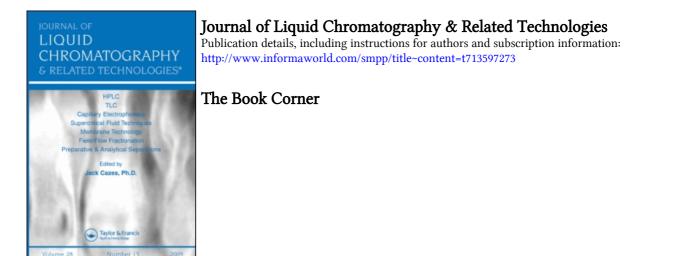
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JOURNAL OF LIQUID CHROMATOGRAPHY, 15(8), 1397-1400 (1992)

THE BOOK CORNER

INTERFACIAL PHENOMENA IN BIOLOGICAL SYSTEMS, Edited by M. Bender, Surfactant Science Series, Volume 39, Marcel Dekker, Inc., New York, 1991, 429 pages. Prices: \$135.00 (U.S. and Canada) and \$155.25 (all other countries).

Surfactants in general are becoming a very popular topic in separation science, especially as HPLC mobile phase additives and in micellar electro-kinetic capillary chromatography. Interfacial Phenomena in Biological Systems is the most recent volume in this series which includes excellent volumes dealing with general topics which are of interest to those in the separation field, such as: cationic surfactants, anionic surfactants, nonionic surfact-ants, biosurfactants and biotechnology, and surfactant-based separation processes. Generously referenced with over 850 bibliographic citations, Interfacial Phenomena in Biological Systems is a valuable reference for research and development in the life sciences and in physical, colloid, and surface chemistry.

Table of Contents:

- 1. Lipid Structure of Stratum Corneum, S. E. Friberg, L. B. Goldsmith, I. Kayali, and H. Suhaimi, (3).
- Surfactant Interactions with Skin, L. D. Rhein and F. A. Simion, (33).
- 3. The Influence of Electrolyte at Frog Skin Surfaces: Deductions on the Origin of Physiological Electric Circuits, M. Bender, (51).
- 4. Interfacial Phenomena with Reference to the Oral Cavity, P.-O. J. Glantz, R. W. Attstrom, A. E. Meyer, and R. E. Baier, (77).
- 5. **Biomaterial Surface Domains: Bacterial Versus Tissue Cells**, A. G. Gristina, Q. N. Myrvik, P. T. Naylor, and T. L. Meador, (105).
- 6. Proteins in Blood Plasma at Interfaces, L. Vroman, (137).
- Contribution of Water in the Stabilization of Biological Membranes, M. S. Markov, (153).
- 8. Electromagnetic Field Influence on Membranes, M. S. Markov, (171).

- 9. A Critical Reevaluation of the "Nonspecific" Adsorption of Plasma Proteins and Dextrans to Erythrocytes and the Role of These in Rouleaux Formation, J. Janzen and D. E. Brooks, (193).
- 10. Electroporation, J. C. Weaver, (253).
- 11. **Dynamic Mechanism for Cytoskeleton Structures**, E. Del Giudice, S. Doglia, M. Milani, and G. Vitiello, (279).
- 12. Surface Activity of Proteins, S. Magdassi and N. Garti, (289).
- Supercomputer Simulations of the Interaction of Biomolecules, E. Clementi, S. Chin, G. Corongiu, J. Given, G. C. Lie, M. Migliore, and P. Procacci, (301).
- 14. Membrane Transport: Insights from Surface Science, M. Blank, (337).
- 15. Transport Mechanisms, Physiological Communication, and Intelligence, M. Bender, (367).

VAPOR-LIQUID EQUILIBRIUM DATA - SALT EFFECT, by Shuzo Ohe, Physical Sciences Data Series, Volume 43, Elsevier, New York, 1991, 360 pages. Price: \$218.00.

Vapor-liquid equilibrium (VLE) data of solutions are necessary for the design of distillation and absorption processes. VLE exhibits various characteristics depending on the type of solution. In the case of nonideal solutions, an azeotropic mixture is formed which cannot be separated by ordinary distillation. The mixture must be separated by adding a third component, called an entrainer, which has the capability of breaking the azeotropic point. In most cases, a volatile component is employed as an entrainer for an azeotropic mixture. However, salt is also effective in breaking the point; this is called the salt effect on VLE.

The present volume contains a wealth of information (graphs). It is divided into two parts:

Part I. Salt Effect on Vapor-Liquid Equilibria: 1. Introduction, 2. Salt Effect, 3. The Relation between Salt Concentration and Salt Effect. 4. Prediction Method of Salt Effect. References.

Part II. Data Sheets. Guide to Graphs and Tables. Data Sheets. Index for Systems. Index for Salts.

The book is recommended for all those interested in VLE.

CHROMATOGRAPHIC ENANTIOSEPARATION: Methods and Applications 2nd Edition, Stig Allenmark, Ellis Horwood Series in Analytical Chemistry, Ellis Horwood, Ltd., England, 1991, 282 pp., ISBN: 0-13-132978-2.

With the increasing application of chiral chromatography in the separation of enantiomers, this book offers the reader a good background of the theory and practice involved in this technique. Furthermore, the book is authored by Dr. S. Allenmark who is considered as one of the well-known experts in the field and who gives a comprehensive account of the various applications and future anticipated developemnts.

The book consists of eleven chapters, including an excellent introduction to chirality. The author discusses the following topics:

* The development of modern stereochemical concepts.

* Techniques used for studies of optically-active compounds including the determination of optical or enantiomeric purity and determination of absolute configuration.

* Modern chromatographic separation methods including a review of basic chromatographic theory and a survey of separation of enantiomers by means of covalent diastereomers.

* Theory of chiral chromatography for direct optical resolution: this chapter deals with the prerequisite for enantioselective interaction with chiral stationary phase, some general aspects regarding chiral recognition models and chromatographic enantioselectivity, computational and molecular modelling studies and, finally, some thermodynamic and kinetic considerations.

* Chapters 6 and 7 deal with chiral gas chromatography and chiral liquid chromatography with details on the various chiral stationary phases used in both modes.

The author discusses, in Chapter 8, analytical applications in academic research and industry. Various applications for the enantiomeric separation of amino acids, pharmaceuticals, among other applications, e.g., evaluation of enantiomeric purity from chromatographic partial optical resolution (Mannschreck's method) are presented.

Preparative scale enantioseparations are discussed in Chapter 9. Future trends of enantioseparation is presented in Chapter 10, where the author presents the development of new detector systems, column improvements, among other interesting topics such as the future of supercritical fluid chromatography in chiral separation of enantiomers.

Chapter 11 offers the scientist experimental procedures for the synthesis of chiral sorbents, which is a very useful subject that is missed in a number of books published previously in the field of chiral separation.

Finally, the book contains an appendix with the main manufacturers of materials for chiral gas and liquid chromatography, which is informative for easy access of various commercially-available phases.

All the chapters are well-referenced with literature citations up to 1991, preceded with a bibliography list of selected references on the topic discussed.

The book is highly recommended for analytical, organic, medicinal chemists and biochemists involved in development of drugs, pharmaceuticals, agrochemicals and related substances. This book is definitely a welcome addition to the Ellis Horwood Series in Analytical Chemistry.

Reviewed by Hassan Y. Aboul-Enein, PhD, FRSC Drug Development Laboratory Radionuclide & Cyclotron Operations - MBC-03 King Faisal Specialist Hospital & Research Centre P. O. Box 3354, Riyadh 11211, Kingdom of Saudi Arabia.